



**Silesian University of Technology**

**Department of Graphics, Computer Vision  
and Digital Systems**



**Politechnika  
Śląska**

Year	Type*: SSI/NSI/NSM	Subject: Assembler Programming Languages	Group	Section
2024/2025	SSI	APL – LAB	1	1
Tutor:	dr inż. Adam Opara		Class date: ( week day, hour)	
Section:	1. Piotr Copek 2. Zuzanna Micorek  pc21339@student.polsl.pl		27.06.2025	
Contact Email:			8.30 – 10.00	
Report				



# Task 1

Create a solution with WPF main window and assembler DLL. The minimal functionality is adding at least 2 double point values given by values within text boxes.

```
.DATA
.CODE

PUBLIC asmAddTwoDoubles

asmAddTwoDoubles PROC
    ; add scalar double in xmm0 and xmm1
    addsd xmm0, xmm1
    ret
asmAddTwoDoubles ENDP

END
```

MainWindow

Task 1: Add Two Doubles

283.29 + 4387.23 = 4670.51999999

Add

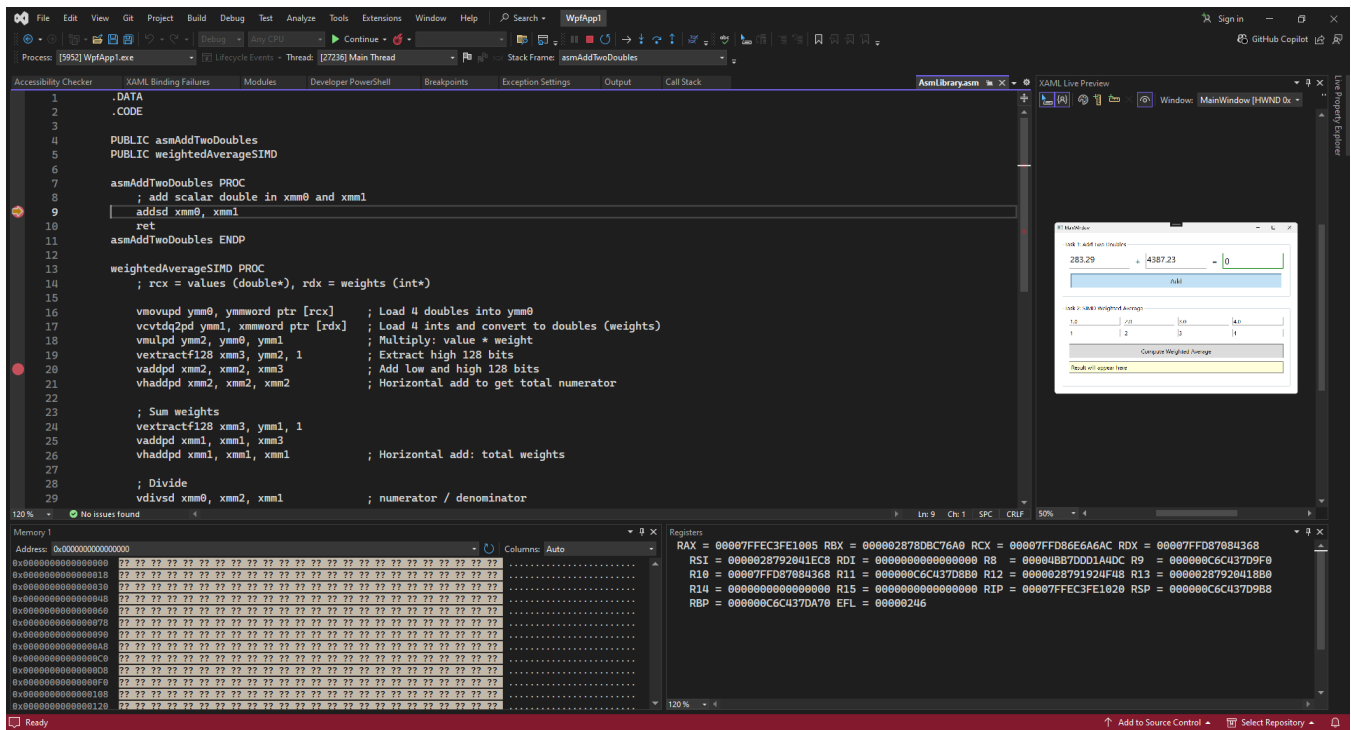
Task 2: SIMD Weighted Average

1.0	2.0	3.0	4.0
1	2	3	4

Compute Weighted Average

Result will appear here

[Figure 1] - Working application adding two double numbers.



[Figure 2] - Screenshot from debug with breakpoint set in assembly code.

## Task 2

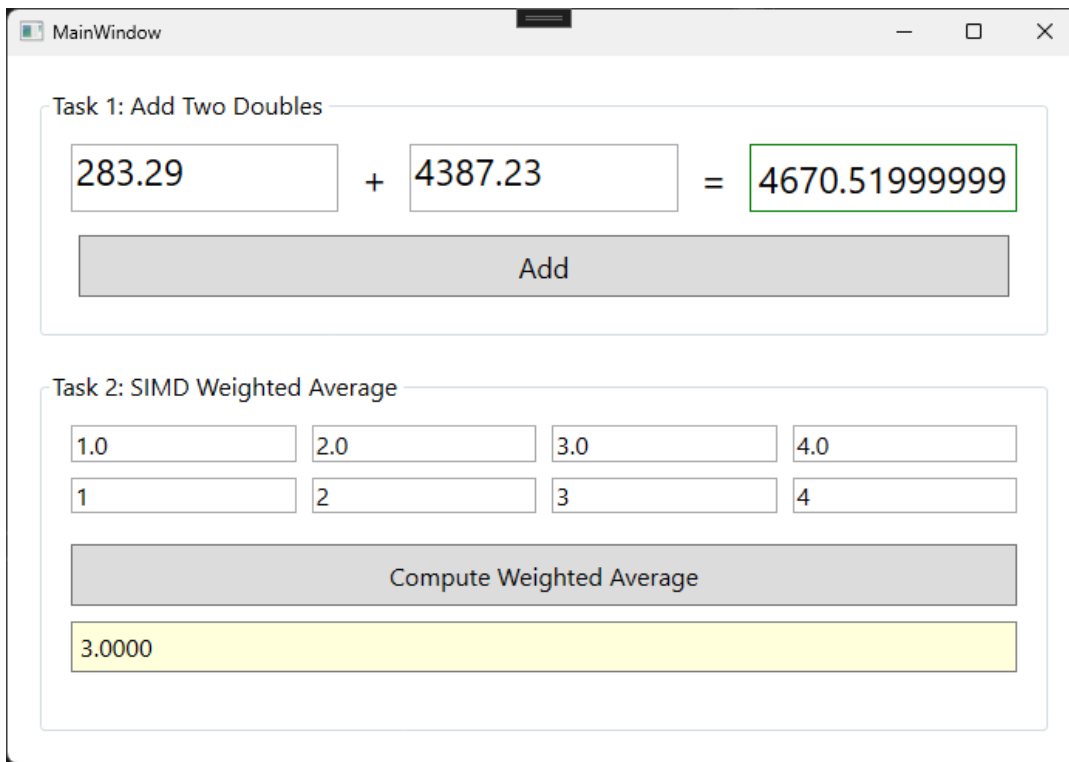
Create a new function with more advanced functionality using SIMD computing the weighted average of the four products given by the double and integer each.

$$\text{Weighted Average} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^4 \text{value}_i \times \text{weight}_i}{\sum_{i=1}^4 \text{weight}_i}$$

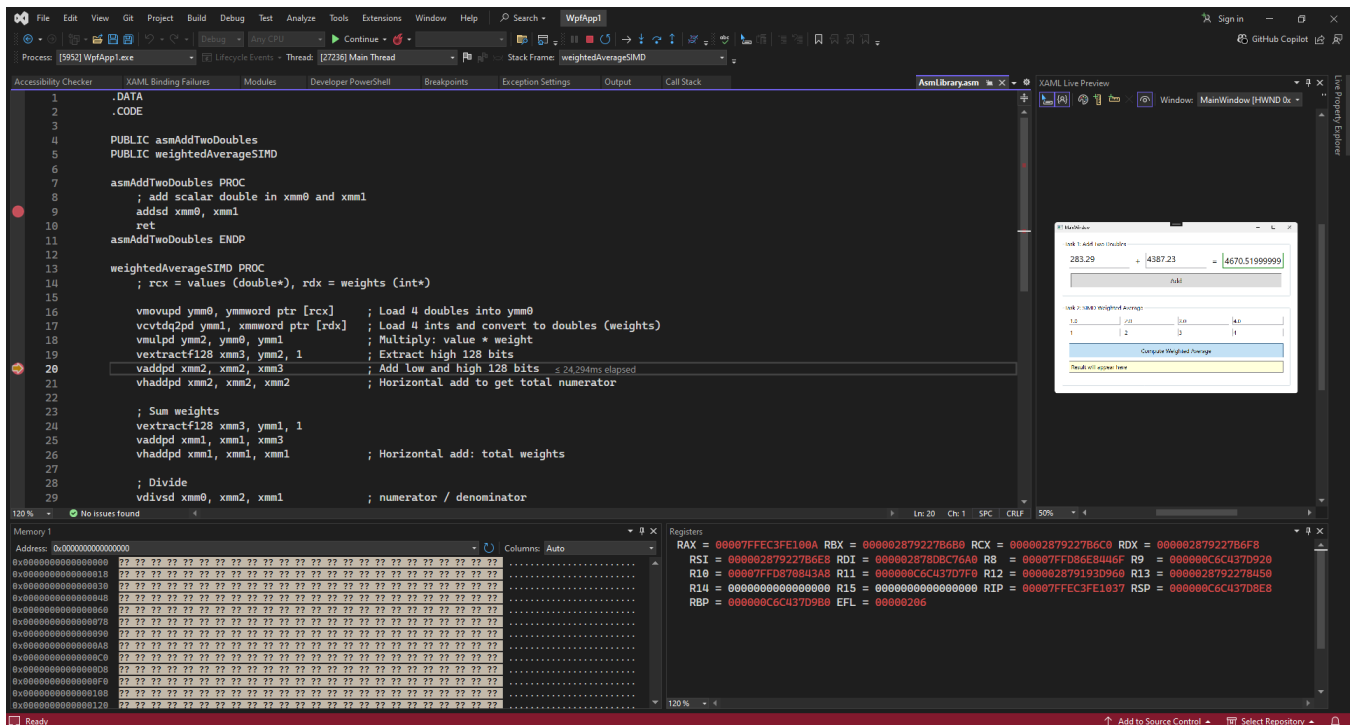
```
weightedAverageSIMD PROC
    vmovupd ymm0, ymmword ptr [rcx]
    vcvtdq2pd ymm1, xmmword ptr [rdx]
    vmulpd ymm2, ymm0, ymm1
    vextractf128 xmm3, ymm2, 1
    vaddpd xmm2, xmm2, xmm3
    vhaddpd xmm2, xmm2, xmm2
    vextractf128 xmm3, ymm1, 1
    vaddpd xmm1, xmm1, xmm3
    vhaddpd xmm1, xmm1, xmm1
    vdivsd xmm0, xmm2, xmm1

    ret
weightedAverageSIMD ENDP
```

1. `vmovupd ymm0, ymmword ptr [rcx]` – Loads 4 double-precision floats (weights) into `ymm0` from memory at `rcx`.
2. `vcvtdq2pd ymm1, xmmword ptr [rdx]` – Converts 4 integers from memory at `rdx` to 4 double-precision floats and stores them in `ymm1` (zero-extends to YMM).
3. `vmulpd ymm2, ymm0, ymm1` – Multiplies weights (`ymm0`) and converted values (`ymm1`) element-wise, storing the result in `ymm2`.
4. `vextractf128 xmm3, ymm2, 1` – Extracts the upper 128 bits of `ymm2` into `xmm3`.
5. `vaddpd xmm2, xmm2, xmm3` – Adds the lower and upper halves of the product vector to sum all products partially.
6. `vhaddpd xmm2, xmm2, xmm2` – Horizontally adds to get the final sum of products in `xmm2`.
7. Repeat steps 4–6 for `ymm1` – Sums all weights.
8. `vdivsd xmm0, xmm2, xmm1` – Divides the total weighted sum by the total weight to get the weighted average.



[Figure 3] - Working application computing the weighted average of the four products.



[Figure 4] - Screenshot from debug with breakpoint set in assembly code.

# Conclusions

The project demonstrates effective integration of assembly code with a WPF C# application. Task one implemented double addition, while task two extended this to compute a weighted average of four products combining doubles and integers. The solution shows performance benefits of SIMD.